Roll No	 				Question Booklet Number
O. M. R. Serial No.					

B. Com. (Honors) (Sixth Semester) EXAMINATION, July, 2022

(Group-B: International Trade & Export Management)

FOREIGN TRADE PROCEDURES & DOCUMENTATION

F	Pape	er Co	ode		
BCOMH	6	0	0	5	ITEM

Questions Booklet Series

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[Maximum Marks : 100

Time : 1:30 *Hours*]

Instructions to the Examinee:

- 1. Do not open the booklet unless you are asked to do so.
- 2. The booklet contains 100 questions. Examinee is required to answer any 75 questions in the OMR Answer-Sheet provided and not in the question booklet. If more than 75 questions are attempted by student, then the first attempted 75 questions will be considered for evaluation. All questions carry equal marks.
- 3. Examine the Booklet and the OMR Answer-Sheet very carefully before you proceed. Faulty question booklet due to missing or duplicate pages/questions or having any other discrepancy should be got immediately replaced.

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश:

- प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक आपसे कहा न जाए।
- 2. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में 100 प्रश्न हैं। परीक्षार्थी को किन्हीं 75 प्रश्नों को केवल दी गई OMR आन्सर-शीट पर ही हल करना है, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर नहीं। यदि छात्र द्वारा 75 से अधिक प्रश्नों को हल किया जाता है तो प्रारम्भिक हल किये हुए 75 उत्तरों को ही मूल्यांकन हेतु सम्मिलित किया जाएगा। सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
- उ. प्रश्नों के उत्तर अंकित करने से पूर्व प्रश्न-पुस्तिका तथा OMR आन्सर-शीट को सावधानीपूर्वक देख लें। दोषपूर्ण प्रश्न-पुस्तिका जिसमें कुछ भाग छपने से छूट गए हों या प्रश्न एक से अधिक बार छप गए हों या उसमें किसी अन्य प्रकार की कमी हो, तो उसे तुरन्त बदल लें।

(शेष निर्देश अन्तिम पृष्ठ पर)

(Only for Rough Work)

1.	FERA in India is replaced by :	5.	INCOTerms cover:
	(A) FENA		(A) trade in intangibles
	(B) FEMA		(B) ownership and transfer rights
	(C) FETA		(C) contracts of carriage
	(D) None of the above		(D) rights and obligations of parties to
2.	Absolute difference in cost is explained	6.	contract of sales Duty drawback is the refund of duty
	by	0.	chargeable on
	(A) Ricardo		_
	(B) Marshall		(A) import
	(C) Smith		(B) export
	(D) Mill		(C) damaged material(D) mortgages material
3.	pricing strategy keeps prices	7.	If cargo is lost in transit, the exporter should:
	low.		
	(A) Penetration		(A) claim under marine insurance
	(B) Skimming		(B) claim with ECGC
	(C) Going rate		(C) seek write off of post shipment
	(D) None of the above		credit (D) seek refund of custom duty
4.	pricing policy is most ideally	0	•
	chosen by a firm wishing to go	8.	The facility available to commercial
	international.		banks in India from EXIM bank is:
	(A) Penetration		(A) refinancing of export credit
	(B) Skimming		(B) export bill rediscounting
	(C) Going rate		(C) syndication of export credit risks
	(D) Dumping		(D) All of the above

	(B)	all capital imports			(A) (B)	water
	(C)	import of goods covered by			(C)	land
		negative list			(D)	None of the above
	(D)	All of the above		14.	The	physical distribution has the
10.	The l	beneficiary under letter of credit is:			follo	wing constituents:
10.	THE	beneficiary under letter of credit is.			(A)	transportation
	(A)	the bank opening the credit			(B)	warehousing
	(B)	the customer of the opening bank			(C)	inventory
	(C)	the confirming bank			(D)	All of the above
	(D)	the exporter		15.	EPC	stands for:
11	A 1-4				(A)	Export Promotion Council
11.	A le	tter of credit is opened on behalf of			(B)	Export Promotion Credit
					(C)	Export Promotion Country
	(A)	exporter			(D)	None of the above
	(B)	importer		16.		ch of the following statements is
	(C)	third party			true '	?
	(D)	None of the above			(A)	Business risk involves the
	` /					possibility of financial and
12.	A so	eller should bill in a				operational difficulties in the business environment.
	curre	ency.			(B)	Business risk does not involve the
	(A)	strong			(D)	possibility of financial and
	, ,	_				operational difficulties in the
	(B)	weak				business environment.
	(C)	moderate			(C)	Both (A) and (B)
	(D)	None of the above			(D)	None of the above
всо	MH-60	05(ITEM)	(4)			Set-D

13.

This mode of transportation lowers total

Import license is required for:

9.

ВСО	MH-60	05(ITEM)	(5)			Set-D
	(D)	None of the above			(D)	All of the above
	(C)	casual			(C)	air
	(B)	challenging			(B)	marine
	(A)	easy			(A)	road
		due to high competition.			throu	
21.	Expo	orting in international market is very		25.	-	ort consignments may be routed
	(D)	All of the above		25	D	out consisuments was be seed to
	(C)	To achieve high rate of profit			(D)	None of the above
	(B)	Acquiring resources			(C)	Both (A) and (B)
	(A)	Expanding sales			(C)	Roth (A) and (R)
20.	•	do companies go international?			(B)	Multilevel
	(D)	None of the above			(A)	Direct
	(C)	Bilateral of Parties			have	any middlemen.
	(B)	Balance of Payment				-
	(A)	Balance of Party		24.		exporting channel does not
19.		stands for			(D)	None of the above
	(D)	surplus BoT			(C)	Multilevel
	(C)	deficit BoT			, ,	
	(B)	surplus BoP			(B)	Direct
	(A)	deficit BoP			(A)	Single level
	the c	ountry is having:			scale	2.
		orts in value terms, it can be said that				_
18.	If a	country is having more exports than			more	e suitable if the business is on large
	(D)	All of the above		23.		channel of distribution is
	(C)	marketing plan			(D)	global
	(C)	potential to facilitate in developing strategic			(C)	national
	(B)	to evaluate a country's market				_
	(D)	selection			(B)	regional
	(A)	to carry out country screening and			(A)	local
	1S:				sales	terms for pricing the product.

17. The objective of international marketing 22. INCOTerms are series of

26.	Collusions can be created	30.	Voluntary export restraint is
	through		(A) Tariff barrier
	(A) global business		(B) Non-tariff barrier
	(B) cartels		(C) Both of the above
	(C) transnational business		· /
	(D) agreements		(D) None of the above
27.	A licensing agreement with mutual	31.	Objective of import duty is:
	exchange of patents is known		(A) To raise income for government
	as		(B) To restrict imports
	(A) Cross licensing(B) Flat licensing		(C) To encourage exports
	(B) Flat licensing(C) Product licensing		(D) To raise income and restrict
			imports
	(D) Trade licensing		p = 1.15
28.	Free international trade maximises world	32.	Free trade is based on principle
	output through		of
	(A) Countries specializing in		(A) Comparative advantage
	production of goods they are best		(B) Comparative scale
	suited for		(b) Comparative scale
	(B) Reduction in taxes		(C) Economies of advantage
	(C) Increased factor income		(D) Production possibility advantage
	(D) Encouraging competition	33.	The duty levied to nullify the effect of
29.	By having business in different countries		export subsidies is
	a firm reduces :		•
	(A) Credit risk		(A) Specific duty
	(B) Political risk		(B) Ad valorem duty
	(C) Financial risk		(C) Anti-dumping duty
	(D) Business risk		(D) Countervailing duties

34.	The export proceeds shall be realized	38.	FEMA stands for			
	in		(A) Foreign Exchange Management			
	(B) Non-convertible currency		Association			
	(C) Convertible currency		(B) Foreign Exchange Management			
	(D) Home currency only		Account			
35.	The Foreign Trade (Regulation) Rules was passed in the year		(C) Foreign Exchange Management			
	(A) 1991		Act			
	(B) 1992		(D) None of the above			
	(C) 1993					
	(D) 1994	39.	What does EPZ stand for ?			
36.	Advance authorization is not available		(A) Export Production Zone			
	for		(B) Export Promotion Zone			
	(B) Service exports		(C) Export Processing Zone			
	(C) Intermediate supplies		(D) Export Payment Zone			
	(D) Deemed exports					
37.	Foreign exchange transactions involve	40.	A commercial invoice is issued			
	monetary transactions		by			
	(A) Among residents of same country		(A) Exporter			
	(B) Between residents of two countries		· · · · · ·			
	only		(B) Exporter's bank			
	(C) Between residents of two or more countries		(C) Importer			
	(D) None of the above		(D) Importer's bank			

(7)

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Set-D

ВСО	MH-60	05(ITEM)	(8)			Set-D
	(D)	СЛ			(D)	EPZ
	(C)	Ministry of Commerce			(C)	AEZ
	(B)	State Govt.			(B)	SEZ
	(A)	Central Govt.			(A)	EOU
	appo	inted by			cour	ntry is called
43.		Director General of Foreign Trade is			liber	ral as compared to other parts of the
43.	The	Director General of Foreign Trade is			zone	e where the economic laws are more
	(D)	Duty free replenishment certificate		47.	The	geographically distributed area or
	(C)	Duty exemption scheme			(D)	1950
	(B)	Duty remission scheme			(C)	1949
	(A)	Replenishment license			(B)	1948
	is:				(A)	1947
	duty	on inputs used in the export product			cam	e into enforcement from
	enab	les the post-export replenishment of		46.	The	Import and Export (Control) Act
42.	The	export promotion scheme that			(D)	5 yrs.
		oongation			(C)	4 yrs.
	(2)	obligation			(B)	3 yrs.
	(D)	As a device to guarantee payment			(A)	2 yrs.
	` /	import of goods		45.	The	tenure of foreign trade policy is:
	(C)	As a method of financing export/			(D)	All of the above
		performance obligation			(C)	Ministry of Commerce
	(B)	As a standby to guarantee a			(B)	State Govt.
		custom release of goods			(A)	Central Govt.
	(A)	As an important way of facilitating			is	

41. Letters of credit are used for all, except: 44. The apex body of foreign trade

48.	Bill of lading is issued by	51.	Dumping refers to
	(A) Captain of the vessel		(A) Reducing tariffs
	(B) Shipping company		(B) Sale of goods abroad at a lower price
	(C) Custom authorities		(C) Buying goods at low price
	(D) Consignor		(D) Expensive goods sold at low prices
49.	Which economic factors should be	52.	Government policy about export and import is called:
	analysed by organizations wishing		•
			(A) Commercial policy
	to expand in international		(B) Fiscal policy
	markets ?		(C) Monetary policy
	(A) Interest rates		(D) Finance policy
		53.	Free trade policy refers to a policy where
	(B) Employment		there is
	(C) Purchasing power		(A) Absence of tariff
	(D) All of the above		(B) Restriction on movement of goods
50			(C) Existence of anti-dumping policy
50.	International trade and domestic trade		(D) Encouragement for balanced
	differ because of:		growth
	(A) Different government policies	54.	Expand SEZ
	(B) Immobility of factors		(A) Special Economic Zone
	(C) Trade restrictions		(B) Small Economic Zone
	(D) All of the above		(C) Special Enforcement Zone
	(D) All of the above		(D) Service Economic Zone

55.	Which of the following institutions is	59.	In which one of the following places was
	related to export financing and insurance?		Asia's first EPZ setup?
	(A) ECGC		(A) Kandla
	(B) GAIL		(B) Cochin
	(C) CBDT		(C) Surat
	(D) IFCI		(D) Ahmedabad
56.	At present as per government rules, the		(D) Allinedabad
	maximum area allowed for SEZ is:	60.	ECGC is related to
	(A) 2000 hectares		(A) Export promotion
	(B) 3000 hectares		(B) Export financing and insurance
	(C) 4000 hectares		(C) Export quality certification
	(D) 5000 hectares		(D) Export statistics publication
57.	Invisible export means, export of	61.	Trade Gap means :
	(A) Services		(A) Gap between total imports and total
	(B) Prohibited goods		exports
	(C) Unaccounted goods		(B) Gap between total GDP and total
	(D) Goods through smuggling		consumption
58.	A letter of credit is produced by:		(C) Gap between available liquidity
	(A) An exporter		and expected demand
	(B) An importer		(D) Gap between budgeted revenue
	(C) Both exporter and importer		collection and actual collection of
	(D) Shipping company		the same

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Set-D

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62.	Which of the following organizations is	65.	When was India's foreign trade
	involved in providing the insurance		liberalised?
	against various risks to the exporters?		(A) 1960
	(A) RBI		(B) 1961
	(B) State Trading Corporation of India		(C) 1990
	(C) EXIM Bank		(D) 1991
	(D) Export Credit Guarantee		
	Corporation	66.	ECGC was formed in the
63.	Free trade zone is one:		year
	(A) Where trade is done without		(A) 1956
	restriction.		(B) 1957
	(B) Where any entrepreneur is free to		(C) 1958
	start industries.		(D) 1960
	(C) Where infrastructural facilities	67	Export incontings one implemented
	were provided free to entrepreneurs	67.	Export incentives are implemented
	by the government.		by
	(D) Where industries are free from		(A) DGFT
	excise duties and produce for		(B) RBI Governor
	exports.		(C) PM of country
64.	The tax on import and export is known		(D) President
	as:	68.	RODTEP is a type of
	(A) Income tax		(A) Tax
	(B) Trade tax		(B) Tariff
	(C) Custom tax		(C) Incentive
	(D) None of the above		(D) None of the above

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Set-D

BCOMH-6005(ITEM)

69.	Concept of SEZ first started	73.	Negative list consists of
	in		(A) Prohibited items
	(A) USA		(B) Restricted items
	(B) China		(C) Canalised items
	(C) Brazil		(D) 411 0.1 1
	(D) Russia		(D) All of the above
70.	World's first FTZ was estd. in the year:	74.	pricing technique is expressly
	(A) 1959		declared UTP (Unfair Trade Practice) by
	(B) 1969		WTO.
	(C) 1979		(A) Market skimming
	(D) 1989		(B) Dumping
71	Foreign trade policy of India is		(B) Bumping
71.	Foreign trade policy of India is		(C) Market penetration
	announced by		(D) None of the above
	(A) Prime Minister		(b) None of the above
	(B) Governor of RBI	75.	Cargo insurance is done to protect
	(C) DGFT		form loss of physical damage
	(D) Ministry of Commerce		to goods.
72.	Negative list is prepared by		(A) Importer
	(A) Finance Secretary		(B) Exporter
	(B) DGFT		(C) Home country covernment
	(C) PM		(C) Home country government
	(D) None of the above		(D) None of the above

76.	Expo	ort contracts may contain:	80.	Which trade policy results in the
	(A)	(A) Arbitration panel		government levying both a specific tariff
	(B) Terms of payment			and an ad valorem tariff on imported goods?
	(C)	Place of delivery		
	(D)	All of the above		(A) Compound tariff(B) Nominal tariff
77.	Expa	and INCO Terms :		(C) Effective tariff
	(A)	Inter Company Terms		(D) Revenue tariff
	(B)	International Commercial Terms	81.	WTO came into existence on
	(C)	Inferential Commercial Terms		(A) 1st Jan., 1992
	(D)	International Common Terms		(B) 1st Jan., 1 1993
	****			(C) 1st Jan., 1 1995
78.		ch of the following is international		(D) 1st Jan., 1 1996
	trade	?	82.	Documentary draft requires various
	(A)	Trade between provinces		shipping documents such as:
	(B)	Trade between regions		(A) Bill of lading
	(C)	Trade between countries		(B) Insurance certificate
	(D)	Both (A) and (B)		(C) Commercial invoice
79.	A taı	riff is :		(D) All of the above
			83.	A bill of lading does not
	(A)	A restriction on the number of		guarantee that the goods have been
	(B)	export firms		loaded on the vessel.
		Limit on the amount of imported		(A) On-board
		goods		(B) Foul
	(C)	Tax on import		(C) Received-for-shipment
	(D)	Both (B) and (C)		(D) Straight

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Set-D

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- 84. Which of the following is not true for a letter of credit?
 - (A) It is a document.
 - (B) Issued by a bank.
 - (C) At the request of the exporter.
 - (D) The bank agrees to honor a draft drawn on the importer.
- 85. Which of the following may be required as additional documents in a letter of credit?
 - (A) Commercial invoice
 - (B) Insurance document
 - (C) Consular invoice
 - (D) Confirmed
- 86. Terms of trade that relate to the real ratio of international exchange between commodities is called:
 - (A) real cost terms of trade
 - (B) commodity terms of trade
 - (C) INCOTterms of trade
 - (D) utility terms of trade
- 87. A change in fiscal policy affects the BoP through:
 - (A) Current A/c only
 - (B) Capital A/c only
 - (C) Both Current and Capital A/c
 - (D) None of the above

- 88. One of the following is not an advantage of international trade:
 - (A) Import of defence material
 - (B) Dependence on foreign country
 - (C) Export of surplus production
 - (D) Availability of cheap raw material
- 89. In trade policies limits specified the number of goods to be imported at one tariff rate.
 - (A) specific tariff
 - (B) import tariff
 - (C) quota
 - (D) both (A) and (B)
- 90. Which among the following is the oldest theory of foreign trade?
 - (A) Absolute cost advantage
 - (B) Comparative cost advantage
 - (C) Mercantilism
 - (D) h-o model
- 91. Which of the following is not required in connection with an export order?
 - (A) Bill of lading
 - (B) Shipping bill
 - (C) Certificate of origin
 - (D) Shipment invoice

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	(D)	1			(D)	Tariff barriers
	(C)	10			(C)	Export security
	(B)	7			(B)	Embargo
	(A)				(A)	Subsidies
	•				barrier?	
	of co	orporate tax for years.		100.	Whi	ch of the following is not a trade
95.	New	EOU's are exempted from payment			(D)	Trade balance
	(D)) IMF		(C)	Current A/c deficit	
	(C)	MIGA			(B)	Capital A/c deficit
	(B)	IDA			(A)	Current A/c
	(A)	IBRD				ls is referred to as :
		-		99.	The	balance of exports and imports of
		World Bank Group ?			(D)	Trade policy
94.	Which of the following do not belong to				(C)	Import policy
	(D)	Charter receipt			(B)	Export policy
	(C)	Cargo receipt			(A)	Foreign trade policy
	(B)	Mate receipt		98.	EXI	M policy is also called as
	(A)	Shipping receipt			(D)	Entrepost
	-				(C)	Report
	ship is known as:				(B)	Import
		eer of ship when cargo is loaded on			(A)	Export
93.	A receipt issued by the commanding				manner.	
		the port of shipment		<i>,</i> , ,		goods out of a country in a legal
	(D)	Refund of income dock charges at		97.		imply the physical movement
	(C)	Refund of export duties			(D)	Evaluation
	(B)	Refund of custom duties			(C)	Assessment
	(A)	Refund of excise duties			(B)	Short listing
	of duty drawback scheme ?				(A)	Scrutiny
	of di	of duty drawback schame?			on	

96. Final selection of foreign market depends

Which of the following do not form part

92.

4. Four alternative answers are mentioned for each question as—A, B, C & D in the booklet. The candidate has to choose the most correct/appropriate answer and mark the same in the OMR Answer-Sheet as per the direction:

Example:

Question:

Q.1 (A) (C) (D) (Q.2 (A) (B) (D) (D)

Q.3 $\stackrel{\frown}{(A)}$ $\stackrel{\frown}{(C)}$ $\stackrel{\frown}{(C)}$

Illegible answers with cutting and over-writing or half filled circle will be cancelled.

- 5. Each question carries equal marks. Marks will be awarded according to the number of correct answers you have.
- 6. All answers are to be given on OMR Answer sheet only. Answers given anywhere other than the place specified in the answer sheet will not be considered valid.
- 7. Before writing anything on the OMR Answer Sheet, all the instructions given in it should be read carefully.
- 8. After the completion of the examination candidates should leave the examination hall only after providing their OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator. Candidate can carry their Question Booklet.
- 9. There will be no negative marking.
- 10. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank pages provided for the purpose in the booklet.
- 11. To bring and use of log-book, calculator, pager and cellular phone in examination hall is prohibited.
- 12. In case of any difference found in English and Hindi version of the question, the English version of the question will be held authentic.
- Impt.: On opening the question booklet, first check that all the pages of the question booklet are printed properly. If there is ny discrepancy in the question Booklet, then after showing it to the invigilator, get another question Booklet of the same series.

4. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार सम्भावित उत्तर—
A, B, C एवं D हैं। परीक्षार्थी को उन चारों विकल्पों में से
एक सबसे सही अथवा सबसे उपयुक्त उत्तर छाँटना है।
उत्तर को OMR आन्सर-शीट में सम्बन्धित प्रश्न संख्या में
निम्न प्रकार भरना है:

उदाहरण :

प्रश्न :

प्रश्न 1 (A) (C) (D) प्रश्न 2 (A) (B) (D) प्रश्न 3 (A) (C) (D)

अपठनीय उत्तर या ऐसे उत्तर जिन्हें काटा या बदला गया है, या गोले में आधा भरकर दिया गया, उन्हें निरस्त कर दिया जाएगा।

- 5. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आपके जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
- 6. सभी उत्तर केवल ओ. एम. आर. उत्तर-पत्रक (OMR Answer Sheet) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर-पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
- 7. ओ. एम. आर. उत्तर-पत्रक (OMR Answer Sheet) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ लिया जाये।
- 8. परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी OMR Answer Sheet उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें। परीक्षार्थी अपने साथ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका ले जा सकते हैं।
- 9. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।
- 10. कोई भी रफ कार्य, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के अन्त में, रफ-कार्य के लिए दिए खाली पेज पर ही किया जाना चाहिए।
- 11. परीक्षा-कक्ष में लॉग-बुक, कैलकुलेटर, पेजर तथा सेल्युलर फोन ले जाना तथा उसका उपयोग करना वर्जित है।
- 12. प्रश्न के हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरण में भिन्नता होने की दशा में प्रश्न का अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरण ही मान्य होगा।

महत्वपूर्ण : प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जाँच कर देख लें कि प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीभाँति छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्षनिरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सिरीज की दूसरी प्रश्न-पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।